

# Mountain Village 

 Subsistence Harvests in 2010115 surveyed households in Mountain Village reported harvesting a variety of fish, wildlife, and plants. Expanding for the 66 unsurveyed households, Mountain VIillages's estimated total harvest was 207,765 pounds. Harvests averaged 1,148 pounds per household and 265 pounds per person.

In May 2011, ADF\&G Subsistence staff came to Mountain Village to conduct a comprehensive subsistence survey. ADF\&G Subsistence staff administered similar surveys in Galena, Ruby, Nulato, and Marshall to fill regional data gaps by producing up to-date harvest estimates for Yukon River communities (Figure 1).
Residents who participated in the study answered questions about their household's harvest and use of subsistence. Households were asked to report harvest levels of subsistence resources and other details such as when they harvested a resource, where, and whether they also gave some away or received some from other households.
ADF\&G Subsistence Division hired residents of Mountain Village as local researchers to assist with surveys. In total they talked to 115 out of 181 households ( $64 \%$ ).
Expanding for unsurveyed households, approximately 207,765 edible lb of wild foods were harvested by 430 residents between January and December 2010. The average harvest per household was an estimated
$1,148 \mathrm{lb}$ of wild foods; the average harvest per person was 265 lb .
Of the households in Mountain Village, 100\% of households used some kind of wild food, and $97 \%$ reported they harvested at least one subsistence resource. Figure 2 shows the top 10 species harvested by weight. Large land mammals ( $47,595 \mathrm{lb}$ used by $97 \%$ of households) and fish species including summer chum ( $47,393 \mathrm{lb}$ used by $77 \%$ of households) and Chinook salmon ( $20,756 \mathrm{lb}$ used by $85 \%$ of households) made up the bulk of Mountain Villages' total harvest.
Figure 4 shows the estimated edible pounds harvested in each of the 6 resource categories. As a resource category, salmon species were more heavily harvested than the other 5 categories with 87, 921 edible pounds harvested in 2010, nearly double the pounds of land mammals harvested ( $49,680 \mathrm{lb}$ ). In terms of pounds, non-salmon species were harvested to a lesser extent ( $43,417 \mathrm{lb}$ ) while marine mammals including seals and beluga whales contributed 11,408 edible lb to the total community harvest. Vegetation and birds and eggs contributed 7,821


Plate 1. salmon strips in smoke house.


Figure 2. Top 10 subsistence foods by edible weight, 2010.

## TABLE 1. ESTIMATED HARVESTS OF SUBSISTENCE FOODS, Mountain Village, 2010.

| Percentage of households | Estimated pounds harvested |  |  | Total estimated amount | 95\% conf. limit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Using Harvesting | Total for community | Mean per household | Mean per capita |  |  |

## Fish

| Chum Salmon | 83\% | 52\% | $58,197.0 \mathrm{lb}$. | 321.5 lb . | 74.1 lb . | 11,447.5 ind. | 18.6\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Coho Salmon | 39\% | 21\% | $6,000.9 \mathrm{lb}$. | 33.2 lb . | 7.6 lb . | 1,134.9 ind. | 31.5\% |
| Chinook Salmon | 85\% | 52\% | $20,755.8 \mathrm{lb}$. | 114.7 lb . | 26.4 lb. | 2,198.9 ind. | 17.8\% |
| Sockeye Salmon | 7\% | 5\% | $1,586.3 \mathrm{lb}$. | 8.8 lb . | 2.0 lb. | 314.8 ind. | 113.6\% |
| Rainbow Smelt | 13\% | 0\% | 0.0 lb . | 0.0 lb . | 0.0 lb . | 0.0 ind. | 0.0\% |
| Alaska Blackfish | 38\% | 11\% | $8,751.5 \mathrm{lb}$. | 48.4 lb . | 11.1 lb . | 8,751.5 ind. | 87.0\% |
| Burbot | 57\% | 26\% | $4,539.7 \mathrm{lb}$. | 25.1 lb . | 5.8 lb . | 1,891.6 ind. | 30.0\% |
| Arctic Gray ling | 18\% | 13\% | 337.1 lb . | 1.9 lb . | 0.4 lb . | 481.6 ind. | 36.4\% |
| Northern Pike | 63\% | 43\% | $9,790.4 \mathrm{lb}$. | 54.1 lb . | 12.5 lb . | 2,175.6 ind. | 25.3\% |
| Sheefish | 55\% | 32\% | $7,843.8 \mathrm{lb}$. | 43.3 lb . | 10.0 lb. | 1,307.3 ind. | 27.1\% |
| Broad Whitefish | 62\% | 37\% | $3,605.0 \mathrm{lb}$. | 19.9 lb. | 4.6 lb . | 2,575.0 ind. | 23.0\% |
| Least Cisco | 17\% | 9\% | 425.0 lb . | 2.3 lb . | 0.5 lb . | 425.0 ind. | 52.2\% |
| Hump back Whitefish | 44\% | 25\% | 4,405.4 lb. | 24.3 lb . | 5.6 lb . | 1,468.5 ind. | 29.8\% |
| Round Whitefish | 9\% | 3\% | 82.6 lb. | 0.5 lb . | 0.1 lb . | 165.3 ind. | 71.7\% |
| Other Fish ${ }^{1}$ | 63\% | 29\% | $5,017.1 \mathrm{lb}$. | 27.7 lb . | 6.4 lb . | 4,610.4 ind. | 46.1\% |
| fish subtotal | 97\% | 67\% | $131,337.6 \mathrm{lb}$. | 725.6 lb. | 167.2 lb . | 38,947.8 | 18.8\% |
| Land Mammals |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Black Bear | 2\% | 0\% | 0.0 lb . | 0.0 lb . | 0.0 lb . | 0.0 ind. | 0.0\% |
| Caribou | 6\% ${ }^{-}$ | 0\% | 0.0 lb . | 0.0 lb . | $0.0{ }^{-1 \mathrm{lb}}$. | $0.0{ }^{\text {ind. }}$ | 0.0\% |
| Moose | 97\% | 42\% | $47,595.1 \mathrm{lb}$. | 263.0 lb . | 60.6 lb. | 88.1 ind. | 14.3\% |
| Beaver | 14\% | 9\% | 1,345.7 lb. | 7.4 lb . | 1.7 lb . | 96.0 ind. | 73.5\% |
| Snowshoe Hare | 27\% | 18\% | 515.5 lb . | 2.8 lb . | 0.7 lb . | 263.6 ind. | 37.7\% |
| Muskrat | 2\% | 2\% | 4.7 lb . | 0.0 lb . | 0.0 lb . | 6.3 ind. | 94.3\% |
| Porcupine | 3\% | 2\% | 6.3 lb . | 0.0 lb . | 0.0 lb . | 3.1 ind. | 119.6\% |
| Other Land Mammals | 17\% | 11\% | 212.5 lb . | 1.2 lb . | 0.3 lb . | 174.7 ind. | 65.4\% |
| land mammals subtotal | 97\% | 50\% | $49,679.8 \mathrm{lb}$. | 274.5 lb . | 63.3 lb . | 631.9 ind. | 14.0\% |
| Marine mammals |  |  |  |  |  |  | . |
| Spotted Seal | 23\% | 7\% | 969.5 lb . | 5.4 lb . | 1.2 lb . | 17.3 ind. | 46.3\% |
| Walrus | 3\% | 0\% | 0.0 lb . | 0.0 lb . | 0.0 lb . | 0.0 ind. | 0.0\% |
| Other Marine Mammals | 73\% | 15\% | $10,438.2 \mathrm{lb}$. | 57.7 lb . | 13.3 lb . | 42.5 ind. | 43.2\% |
| marine mammals subtotal | 74\% | 17\% | $11,407.7 \mathrm{lb}$. | 63.0 lb . | 14.5 lb . | 59.8 ind. | 40.2\% |
| Birds and eggs |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ducks | 52\% | 34\% | 782.4 lb . | 4.3 lb . | 1.0 lb . | 986.7 ind. | 40.2\% |
| Geese | 77\% | 55\% | 2,907.0 lb. | 16.1 lb. | 3.7 lb . | 1,525.7 ind. | 17.5\% |
| Upland Game Birds | 54\% | 41\% | .1,688.6 lb. | 9.3 lb . | 2.2 lb . | 1,696.2 ind. | 26.9\% |
| Bird Eggs | 21\% | 9\% | 146.0 lb . | 0.8 lb . | 0.2 lb . | 583.9 ind. | 57.5\% |
| Other Birds | 48\% | 30\% | 1,994.8 lb. | 11.0 lb . | 2.5 lb . | 209.1 ind. | 24.4\% |
| birds and eggs subtotal | 82\% | 62\% | 7,519.0 lb. | 41.5 lb . | 9.6 lb . | 5,001.6 ind. | 19.6\% |
| Vegetation |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Berries | 91\% | 89\% | 6,612.0 lb. | 36.5 lb . | 8.4 lb . | 1,653.0 ind. | 12.8\% |
| Plants/Greens/Mushrooms | 67\% | 63\% | 1,208.8 lb. | 6.7 lb . | 1.5 lb . | 888.2 ind. | 27.9\% |
| vegetation subtotal | 96\% | 96\% | $7,820.8 \mathrm{lb}$. | 43.2 lb . | 10.0 lb. | 3,630.4 ind. | 12.7\% |
| All resource | 100\% | 97\% | 207,764.9 lb. 1 | $1,147.9 \mathrm{lb}$. | 264.5 lb . | 48,271.5 | 15.2\% |

Source: Alaska Department of Fish and Game, Division of Subsistence household survey s, 2011.
${ }^{1}$ Fish includes marine invertebrates


Figure 3. Subsistence food search areas and harvest locations, Mountain Village, 2010.
and 7,519 edible lb respectively. No households reported harvesting marine invertebrates. Respondents were asked to show on a map where they searched for the wild foods they harvested (Figure 3). In 2010, Mountain Village residents used a total of 4,636 square miles for subsistence.
Respondent reported traveling from the mouths of the Yukon River delta to areas as far upriver as Paimiut Slough. They utilized extensive areas of the Bering Sea coast extending from Hooper Bay in the south to Unalakleet in the north, as well as inland tundra areas near Mountain Village and other neighboring communities for subsistence. One portion of the survey asked respondents to identify the households with which they shared, bartered or traded wild foods with them. The survey also asked households to identify who hunted, gathered or help process the foods they used. These sharing networks are captured in Figure X. Food exchanges occurred between Mountain Village households, and many households reported receiving food from other communities around Alaska.

Despite the high percentage of households harvesting subsistence resources, exchanging food was still common. Eighty-three percent of households gave some of their food away while $98 \%$ reported receiving some food from others. The high rates of exchange illustrate the interconnectedness of individuals and families and the cooperative nature of subsistence activities in Mountain Village.


Figure 4. Estimated pounds harvested by cat?ory, 2010.

## ECRWSS

## Box Holder

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Quyana and Tsen'an!


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