2024 SOUTHEAST ALASKA SALMON ESCAPEMENT SUMMARY

PINK SALMON:

The total 2024 Southeast Alaska pink salmon escapement index of 14.40 million ranked 14th since 1960. Escapements of pink salmon were generally average to strong in the Southern Southeast and Northern Southeast Outside Subregions, and poor in the Northern Southeast Inside Subregion. Biological escapement goals, however, were met or exceeded in all three subregions (Table 1). Management targets for pink salmon were met or exceeded for 11 of 15 districts with management targets (Table 2) and, at a finer scale, for 38 of the 46 pink salmon stock groups (Table 3).

Table 1.—Southeast Alaska pink salmon escapement indices and biological escapement goals by subregion, 2024 (in millions).

| | 2024 Pink Salmon | Biological Escapement Goal | | | |
|----------------------------|------------------|----------------------------|-------------|--|--|
| Subregion | Index | Lower Bound | Upper Bound | | |
| Southern Southeast | 9.23 | 3.00 | 8.00 | | |
| Northern Southeast Inside | 2.79 | 2.50 | 6.00 | | |
| Northern Southeast Outside | 2.38 | 0.75 | 2.50 | | |
| Total | 14.40 | | | | |

Southern Southeast Subregion: The Southern Southeast subregion includes all of the area from Sumner Strait south to Dixon Entrance (Districts 101–108). The 2024 pink salmon harvest of 16.4 million was 87% of the recent 10-year average (Figure 1). The escapement index value of 9.23 million exceeded the escapement goal range of 3.0 to 8.0 million index fish. Escapement indices met or exceeded management targets for all 7 districts and all 18 pink salmon stock groups within this subregion.

Northern Southeast Inside Subregion: The Northern Southeast Inside subregion includes all of the area on the inside waters north of Sumner Strait (Districts 109–112, 113 inside, 114, and 115). The 2024 pink salmon harvest of 1.0 million was just 17% of the recent 10-year average, but about 83% of the even-year average of the same time period (Figure 2). The escapement index value of 2.79 million was within the escapement goal range of 2.5 to 6.0 million index fish. Escapement indices were within management targets for 3 of 7 districts, below management targets in 4 of the 7 districts, and within or above management targets for 20 of 21 pink salmon stock groups within this subregion.

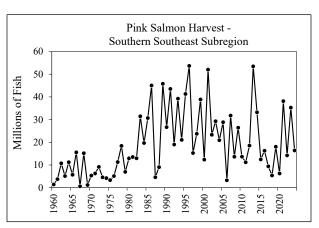
Northern Southeast Outside Subregion: The Northern Southeast Outside subregion includes all of the outer coasts of Chichagof and Baranof Islands (District 13 outside). The pink salmon harvest of 2.7 million was 93% of the recent 10-year average (Figure 3). The escapement index value of 2.38 million was near the upper end of the escapement goal range of 0.75 to 2.50 million index fish. Escapement indices were within or exceeded management targets for all 7 pink salmon stock groups within this subregion.

Table 2.—Southeast Alaska pink salmon escapement target ranges by district (in millions), and years for which the escapement index for each district was within (blank cells), above (+), or below (-) the management target range, 2014–2024.

| Sub- | | | | Management Target | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------|----------|------|------|----------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|
| region | District | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | 2024 | Lower | Upper |
| SSE^1 | 101 | + | | + | | | | | + | | + | + | 1.02 | 2.71 |
| SSE | 102 | + | | + | + | - | | | + | | + | | 0.29 | 0.77 |
| SSE | 103 | + | | | | | | | + | | + | | 0.95 | 2.54 |
| SSE | 105 | | | - | | | | | | | + | | 0.25 | 0.66 |
| SSE | 106 | | | | | | | | | | + | | 0.21 | 0.57 |
| SSE | 107 | | | | | | | | | | + | | 0.26 | 0.69 |
| SSE | 108 | - | | | + | | + | | + | | + | | 0.02 | 0.06 |
| NSEI ² | 109 | | | - | | - | | | | | | | 0.65 | 1.56 |
| NSEI | 110 | - | | - | | - | - | - | | | + | - | 0.59 | 1.41 |
| NSEI | 111 | - | | - | | - | - | - | | - | + | - | 0.25 | 0.60 |
| NSEI | 112 | - | | - | | - | - | - | | | + | - | 0.52 | 1.24 |
| NSEI | 113 | - | + | | + | - | - | | | | | | 0.32 | 0.78 |
| NSEI | 114 | - | + | - | + | - | - | - | + | | + | | 0.14 | 0.34 |
| NSEI | 115 | - | + | - | + | - | - | - | | - | - | - | 0.03 | 0.07 |
| NSEO ³ | 113 | + | + | | + | | | | | | | | 0.75 | 2.50 |

Table 3.—Southeast Alaska pink salmon escapement target ranges by stock group (in millions), and years for which the escapement index for each stock group was within (blank cells), above (+), or below (-) the management target range, 2014–2024.

| Sub- | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | gement rget |
|-------------------|----------|------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|--------|------|-------|----------------|
| region | District | Stock Group | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | 2024 | Lower | Upper |
| SSE^1 | 101 | E Behm | + | | + | | | | | + | | + | + | 0.67 | 1.77 |
| SSE | 101 | Portland | + | | + | + | + | | + | + | + | + | + | 0.10 | 0.28 |
| SSE | 101 | W Behm | + | - | + | | | | | + | | | | 0.25 | 0.66 |
| SSE | 102 | Kasaan | + | | + | | - | | | + | | + | | 0.24 | 0.64 |
| SSE | 102 | Moira | | | | + | - | | | + | | + | | 0.05 | 0.13 |
| SSE | 103 | E Dall | + | | | | | | | | | + | | 0.13 | 0.36 |
| SSE | 103 | Hetta | + | | | + | - | | | + | | + | | 0.30 | 0.79 |
| SSE | 103 | Klawock | + | | | | | | | | | + | + | 0.42 | 1.11 |
| SSE | 103 | Sea Otter Sound | | | | - | | | | | | | | 0.10 | 0.28 |
| SSE | 105 | Affleck Canal | | | _ | | _ | | | | | + | | 0.14 | 0.38 |
| SSE | 105 | Shipley Bay | _ | | _ | | | | | | | + | | 0.11 | 0.28 |
| SSE | 106 | Burnett | + | | | | | | | | | + | | 0.05 | 0.14 |
| SSE | 106 | Ratz Harbor | + | | | | | + | | + | | | | 0.04 | 0.12 |
| SSE | 106 | Totem Bay | _ | _ | | | | | | | | + | | 0.05 | 0.12 |
| SSE | 106 | Whale Pass | | | | | | | | + | | + | | 0.07 | 0.13 |
| SSE | 107 | Anan | | | | | | | _ | | | + | | 0.07 | 0.13 |
| SSE | 107 | Union Bay | + | | | | | | | + | | + | | 0.05 | 0.12 |
| SSE | 107 | Stikine | _ | | | + | | + | | + | | + | | 0.03 | 0.12 |
| NSEI ² | 109 | E Baranof | | | | | _ | | _ | | | | | 0.02 | 0.00 |
| NSEI | 109 | Eliza Harbor | | | _ | | _ | _ | _ | | | + | - | 0.09 | 0.21 |
| NSEI | 109 | Saginaw Bay | - | + | | | | | | | | + | | 0.14 | 0.33 |
| NSEI | 109 | SE Baranof | | ' | _ | + | _ | | _ | _ | _ | ' | | 0.14 | 0.33 |
| NSEI | 109 | Tebenkof | | | _ | | | | | | | | - | 0.07 | 0.10 |
| | | | | + | _ | + | | | | + | | + | | 0.22 | 0.33 |
| NSEI NSEI | 110 | Farragut Bay | | ' | | _ | - | - | - | ' | | | | | 0.04 |
| | 110 | Houghton | - | | - | + | - | - | - | | - | + | - | 0.37 | |
| NSEI | 110 | Portage Bay | - | + | | | | - | | + | | + | | 0.03 | 0.08 |
| NSEI | 110 | Pybus/Gambier | - | | - | | - | - | | | | + | | 0.17 | 0.41 |
| NSEI ¹ | 111 | Seymour Canal | - | | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | + | - | 0.15 | 0.37 |
| NSEI | 111 | Stephens | - | | - | | - | - | - | | - | | - | 0.10 | 0.23 |
| NSEI | 112 | Freshwater Bay | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | | | + | | 0.07 | 0.16 |
| NSEI | 112 | Kelp Bay | - | + | | | - | | | | - | + | | 0.07 | 0.16 |
| NSEI | 112 | Lower Lynn Canal | - | + | - | + | - | - | - | + | - | + + | - | 0.03 | 0.06 |
| NSEI | 112 | SW Admiralty | - | + | - | + | - | - | - | + | | | | 0.10 | 0.24 |
| NSEI | 112 | Tenakee | - | | - | | - | - | - | | | + | | 0.21 | 0.49 |
| NSEI | 112 | W Admiralty | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | | - | 0.05 | 0.12 |
| NSEI | 113 | Hoonah Sound | - | + | | + | - | - | | | | | | 0.32 | 0.78 |
| NSEI | 114 | Homeshore | - | + | - | - | - | - | - | - | | | | 0.03 | 0.07 |
| NSEI | 114 | N Chichagof | - | + | - | + | - | - | - | + | | + | | 0.11 | 0.27 |
| NSEI | 115 | Upper Lynn Canal | - | + | - | + | - | - | - | | - | - | - | 0.03 | 0.07 |
| NSEO ² | 113 | Lisianski | | + | | + | | + | | + | - | + | + | 0.08 | 0.27 |
| NSEO | 113 | Portlock | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | | + | + | 0.04 | 0.13 |
| NSEO | 113 | Salisbury Sound | | | | | | | | | - | | | 0.19 | 0.63 |
| NSEO | 113 | Sitka Sound | + | | | | | - | | - | | | + | 0.21 | 0.70 |
| NSEO | 113 | Slocum Arm | + | | | | + | | | | | | | 0.16 | 0.52 |
| NSEO | 113 | W Crawfish | + | + | | | | - | | - | - | - | + | 0.03 | 0.10 |
| NSEO | 113 | Whale Bay | + | + | | | | | | | - | | | 0.04 | 0.15 |



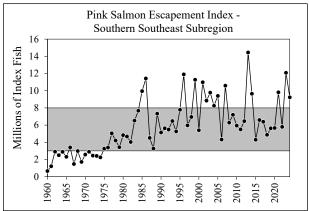
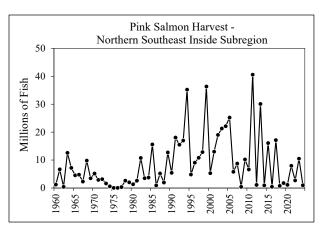


Figure 1. Annual pink salmon harvest and escapement index for the Southern Southeast subregion, 1960–2024 (Districts 101–108). The shaded area indicates the escapement goal range of 3.0 million to 8.0 million index fish.



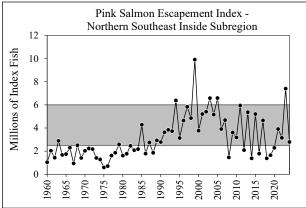
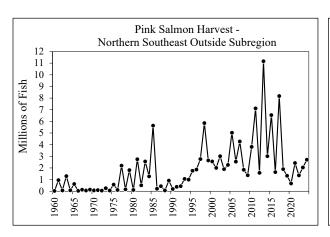


Figure 2. Annual pink salmon harvest and escapement index for the Northern Southeast Inside subregion, 1960–2024 (Districts 109–112, 114–115, and 113 subdistricts 51–59). The shaded area indicates the escapement goal range of 2.5 million to 6.0 million index fish.



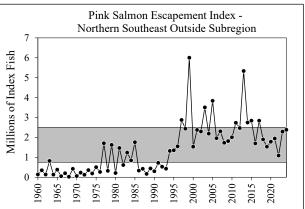
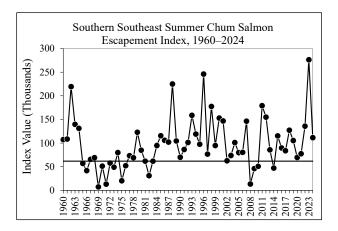


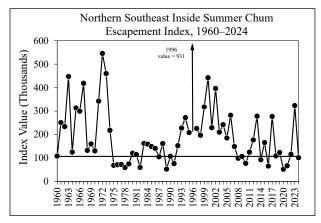
Figure 3. Annual pink salmon escapement index for the Northern Southeast Outside subregion, 1960–2024 (District 113, subdistricts 22–44 and 62–96). The shaded area indicates the escapement goal range of 0.75 million to 2.50 million index fish.

CHUM SALMON:

In 2024, lower-bound sustainable escapement goals for summer-run chum salmon were met in only one of three subregions in Southeast Alaska (Figure 4, Table 4). The index count of 111,000 chum salmon in the Southern Southeast subregion was above the current lower-bound sustainable escapement goal of 62,000 index fish. The index count of 101,000 chum salmon in the Northern Southeast Inside subregion was below the lower-bound sustainable escapement goal of 107,000 fish. In the Northern Southeast Outside subregion, the escapement index of 21,900 fish was below the lower-bound sustainable escapement goal of 25,000 index fish for the fifth straight year (Figure 4) and the stock was designated as a stock of management concern at the 2024 October Alaska Board of Fisheries work session.

Fall chum salmon escapement goals were met or exceeded in three of the five fall-run stocks with formal escapement goals (Table 4). The Chilkat River fall-run chum salmon escapement goal has been eliminated due to the poor quality of escapement estimates and the cessation of the fish wheel project on the river. The Excursion River escapement index of 600 fish was below the sustainable escapement goal range of 4 to 18 thousand index fish. The Cholmondeley Sound escapement index of 38,000 fish was within the sustainable escapement goal range of 30 to 48 thousand fish. The Port Camden index of 2,038 fish was just within the sustainable escapement goal range of 2 to 7 thousand index fish and has met the goal in two of the last five years. The Security Bay index of 8,440 fish was within the escapement goal range of 5 to 15 thousand index fish.





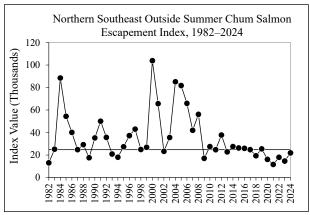


Figure 4.—Summer-run chum salmon escapement indices for the Southern Southeast subregion (1960–2024), Northern Southeast Inside subregion (1960–2023), and Northern Southeast Outside subregion (1982–2024), compared to the lower-bound sustainable escapement goal for each stock (solid horizontal lines).

Table 4.—Sustainable escapement goals and escapement indices for Southeast Alaska chum salmon (in thousands), 1990—2024.

| Stock | Southern Southeast | Northern Southeast Inside | Northern Southeast Outside | Cholmondeley Sound | Port Camden | Security Bay | Excursion River | Chilkat River |
|-----------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------|----------------|-----------------|--------------------|---------------------|
| Enumeration Method | Peak Index | Peak Index | Peak Index | Peak Index | Peak Index | Peak Index | Peak Index | Estimated Escapemen |
| Run-type | Summer | Summer | Summer | Fall | Fall | Fall | Fall | Fall |
| No. Streams | 15 | 63 | 9 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 1990 | 70 | 107 | 35 | 30 | 4 | 20 | 5 | 275 |
| 1991 | 86 | 76 | 50 | 58 | 5 | 6 | 1 | N/A |
| 1992 | 101 | 153 | 36 | 37 | 5 | 19 | 3 | N/A |
| 1993 | 159 | 228 | 21 | 46 | 7 | 7 | 8 | N/A |
| 1994 | 119 | 272 | 18 | 43 | 5 | 5 | 4 | 30 |
| 1995 | 98 | 209 | 27 | 35 | 3 | 14 | 6 | 72 |
| 1996 | 246 | 931 | 37 | 62 | 5 | 19 | 9 | 66 |
| 1997 | 77 | 226 | 43 | 31 | 4 | 5 | 34 | 85 |
| 1998 | 178 | 197 | 25 | 59 | 6 | 32 | 8 | 127 |
| 1999 | 95 | 318 | 27 | 100 | 2 | 20 | 10 | 277 |
| 2000 | 153 | 443 | 104 | 36 | 3 | 13 | 17 | 245 |
| 2001 | 147 | 229 | 66 | 45 | _ | 4 | 18 | 305 |
| 2002 | 63 | 397 | 23 | 39 | 0 | 6 | 5 | 206 |
| 2003 | 74 | 210 | 36 | 75 | 1 | 9 | 6 | 166 |
| 2004 | 101 | 242 | 85 | 60 | 3 | 13 | 5 | 329 |
| 2005 | 80 | 185 | 82 | 15 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 202 |
| 2006 | 80 | 282 | 66 | 54 | 2 | 15 | 2 | 689 |
| 2007 | 146 | 149 | 42 | 18 | 1 | 5 | 6 | 323 |
| 2008 | 13 | 99 | 56 | 50 | 1 | 12 | 8 | 441 |
| 2009 | 46 | 107 | 17 | 39 | 2 | 5 | 1 | 329 |
| 2010 | 51 | 77 | 28 | 76 | 5 | 7 | 6 | 89 |
| 2011 | 179 | 125 | 25 | 93 | 2 | 5 | 3 | 360 |
| 2012 | 155 | 177 | 38 | 54 | 4 | 10 | 2 | 287 |
| 2013 | 86 | 278 | 23 | 13 | 2 | 3 | 8 | 166 |
| 2014 | 47 | 91 | 28 | 48 | 4 | 6 | 11 | 142 |
| 2015 | 115 | 166 | 26 | 73 | 7 | 22 | 12 | 207 |
| 2016 | 90 | 66 | 26 | 30 | 5 | 14 | 1 | 218 |
| 2017 | 84 | 277 | 25 | 52 | 4 | 16 | 14 | 130 |
| 2018 | 127 | 109 | 19 | 70 | 1 | 6 | 6 | ND |
| 2019 | 105 | 123 | 25 | 20 | 5 | 14 | 4 | 224 |
| 2020 | 70 | 60 | 16 | 30 | 2 | 12 | 0 | 23 |
| 2021 | 77 | 67 | 12 | 55 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 172 |
| 2022 | 136 | 116 | 18 | 42 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 343 |
| 2023 | 276 | 324 | 16 | 93 | 1 | 19 | 8 | 752 |
| 2024 | 111 | 101 | 22 | 38 | 2 | 8 | 1 | ND |
| Goal Range: | | 4.0- | | •- | - | _ | | |
| Lower Bound | 62 | 107 | 25 | 30 | 2 | 5 | 4 | 75 |
| Upper Bound | | | | 48 | 7 | 15 | 18 | 250 |

SOCKEYE SALMON:

In 2024, sockeye salmon escapement goals were met or exceeded for 10 of the 12 sockeye salmon systems in the region that currently have escapement goals (No estimate for East Alsek; Table 5; Figures 5–10). The McDonald Lake (current stock of concern) escapement of 61,537 was within the goal range for the second consecutive year. The Klukshu River (current stock of concern) escapement was near the upper end of its goal range and the system was delisted as a stock of concern at the October Alaska Board of Fisheries work session.

Table 5.—Preliminary escapement estimates for Southeast Alaska sockeye salmon stocks with escapement goals, 2024.

| Stock | Goal Type ¹ | Estimated Escapement or Index | Escapement Goal Range | Comment | Enumeration Method |
|------------------|------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|------------|----------------------|
| Hugh Smith Lake | OEG | 3,563 | 8,000-18,000 | Below Goal | Weir Count |
| McDonald Lake | SEG | 61,537 | 55,000-120,000 | | Expanded Foot Survey |
| Stikine—mainstem | SEG | 59,945 | 13,000-33,000 | Above Goal | Run Reconstruction |
| Stikine—Tahltan | BEG | 78,415 | 11,000-25,000 | Above Goal | Weir Count |
| Speel Lake | SEG | 6,580 | 4,000-9,000 | | Weir Count |
| Taku—in-river | SEG | 114,000 | 40,000-75,000 | Above Goal | Mark-recapture |
| Redoubt Lake | OEG | 210,303 | 7,000-25,000 | Above Goal | Weir Count |
| Chilkoot Lake | SEG | 64,817 | 38,000-86,000 | | Weir Count |
| Chilkat Lake | BEG | 103,198 | 70,000-150,000 | | Weir/Sonar Count |
| Situk River | BEG | 75,778 | 30,000-70,000 | Above Goal | Weir Count |
| Klukshu River | BEG | 10,300 | 7,500-11,000 | | Weir Count |
| East Alsek River | BEG | ND | 9,000–24,000 | | Peak Aerial Survey |

¹ Goal types include optimal (OEG), sustainable (SEG), and biological (BEG) escapement goals.

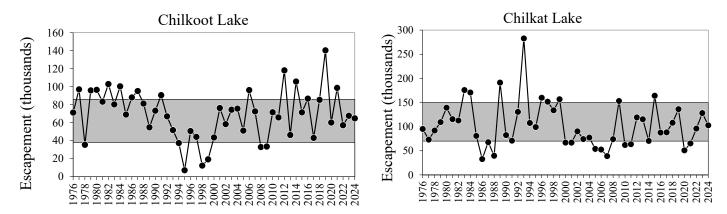


Figure 5.–Sockeye salmon escapements for Chilkoot Lake (left; weir counts) and Chilkat Lake (right; calibrated weir counts, 1976–1993; mark–recapture, 1994–2007, sonar counts 2008–2024). The shaded areas indicate the escapement goal range.

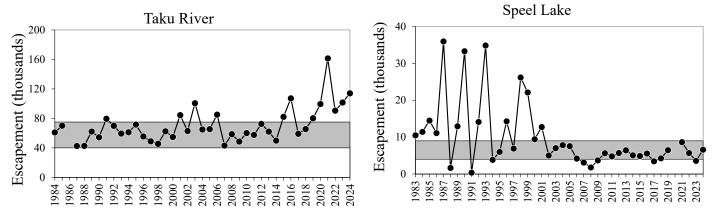


Figure 6.—Sockeye salmon escapements for Taku River (left; mark—recapture estimates) and Speel Lake (right; expanded weir count). No data in 2020 due to pandemic. The shaded areas indicate the escapement goal range.

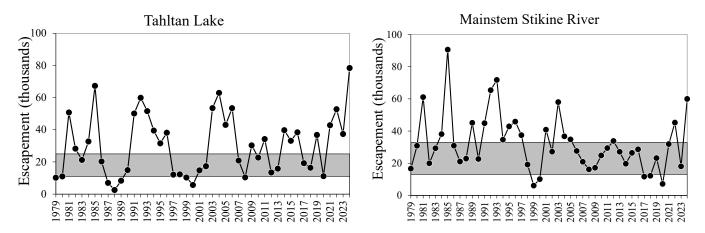


Figure 7.—Sockeye salmon escapements for Tahltan Lake (left; weir counts) and Mainstem Stikine River (right; estimated total escapement). The shaded areas indicate the escapement goal range.

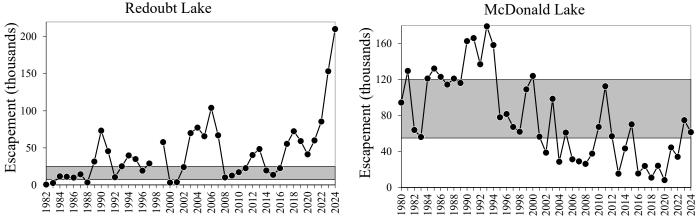


Figure 8.—Sockeye salmon escapements for Redoubt Lake (left; expanded weir counts) and McDonald Lake (right; expanded foot survey or mark—recapture). The shaded areas indicate the escapement goal range.

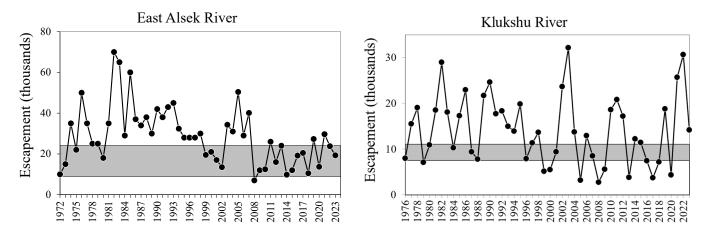


Figure 9.—Sockeye salmon escapements for the East Alsek-Doame rivers (left; peak aerial surveys; no estimate in 2024) and the Klukshu River (right; weir count). The shaded areas indicate the escapement goal range.

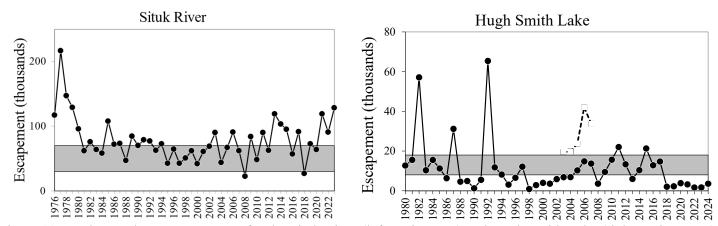


Figure 10.—Sockeye salmon escapements for the Situk River (left; weir count) and Hugh Smith Lake (right; weir counts). The shaded area indicates the optimal escapement goal range. For Hugh Smith Lake, the dots connected by the solid line are estimated escapements of naturally-spawned sockeye salmon. The open squares connected by the dashed line are the combination of escapements of both naturally spawned and hatchery stocked fish, from 2003 to 2007. The Optimal Escapement Goal includes both naturally-produced and stocked fish.

COHO SALMON:

In 2024, coho salmon escapements met or exceeded objectives in at least 11 of 12 currently monitored systems in the region with formal escapement goals (Table 6). No escapement estimate was obtained at Tsiu/Tsivat River. The Ketchikan Survey Index was the highest on record by a wide margin, and the Sitka survey index was triple the upper bound of the escapement goal range. Peterson Creek escapement was within the goal range following three years of falling below.

Table 6.—Preliminary escapement estimates for Southeast Alaska coho salmon stocks with escapement goals, 2001–2024.

| | Hugh Smith | Taku | Auke | Montana | Peterson | Ketchikan | Sitka Survey |
|-------------------|------------|-------------------|---------|-----------|----------|--------------|-----------------|
| System | Lake | River | Creek | Creek | Creek | Survey Index | Index |
| Goal Range | 500-1,600 | 50,000– 90,000 | 200-500 | 400–1,200 | 100-250 | 4,250-8,500 | 400-800 |
| Goal | 200 1,000 | 70,000 | 200 300 | 100 1,200 | 100 230 | 1,250 0,500 | 100 000 |
| Type ¹ | BEG | BEG | BEG | SEG | SEG | BEG | BEG |
| 2001 | 1,580 | 104,394 | 842 | 1,119 | 106 | 11,267 | 1,515 |
| 2002 | 3,291 | 219,360 | 1,112 | 2,448 | 195 | 12,223 | 1,868 |
| 2003 | 1,510 | 183,112 | 585 | 808 | 203 | 11,899 | 1,101 |
| 2004 | 840 | 129,327 | 416 | 364 | 284 | 9,904 | 1,124 |
| 2005 | 1,732 | 135,558 | 450 | 351 | 139 | 14,840 | 1,668 |
| 2006 | 891 | 122,384 | 582 | 1,110 | 439 | 6,901 | 2,647 |
| 2007 | 1,244 | 74,369 | 352 | 324 | 226 | 4,316 | 1,066 |
| 2008 | 1,741 | 95,360 | 600 | 405 | 660 | 16,752 | 1,117 |
| 2009 | 2,282 | 103,950 | 360 | 698 | 123 | 8,710 | 1,156 |
| 2010 | 2,878 | 126,830 | 417 | 630 | 467 | 4,563 | 1,725 |
| 2011 | 2,137 | 70,745 | 517 | 709 | 138 | 5,098 | 2,222 |
| 2012 | 1,908 | 70,742 | 837 | 394 | 190 | 11,960 | 1,157 |
| 2013 | 3,048 | 68,118 | 736 | 367 | 126 | 11,295 | 1,414 |
| 2014 | 4,110 | 124,171 | 1,533 | 911 | 284 | 16,675 | 2,161 |
| 2015 | 956 | 60,178 | 577 | 1,204 | 202 | 10,032 | 2,244 |
| 2016 | 979 | 87,704 | 204 | 717 | 52 | 13,420 | 2,943 |
| 2017 | 1,266 | 57,871 | 283 | 634 | 20 | 11,557 | 1,280 |
| 2018 | 619 | 50,935 | 146 | 1,160 | 110 | 13,764 | 1,502 |
| 2019 | 1,235 | 82,909 | 345 | 203 | No Data | 7,916 | 1,480 |
| 2020 | 634 | 52,126 | 173 | 495 | 65 | 8,610 | 630 |
| 2021 | 903 | 75,526 | 322 | 391 | 15 | 21,006 | 1,486 |
| 2022 | 892 | 65,709 | 449 | No Data | 65 | 11,945 | 1,363 |
| 2023 | 2,207 | 62,300 | 759 | No Data | 192 | 19,706 | 1,392 |
| 2024 | 1,184 | 63,904 | 912 | 182 | 167 | 36,290 | 2,472 |

^{1.} Goal types include sustainable (SEG) and biological (BEG) escapement goals.

-continued-

Table 6.—Continued: coho escapement estimates.

| System | Berners River | Chilkat River | Tawah Creek | Situk River | Tsiu/Tsivat rivers |
|-------------------------|---------------|---------------|-------------|-------------|--------------------|
| Goal Range ¹ | 3,600-8,100 | 30,000-70,000 | 1,400-4,200 | 3,300-9,800 | 10,000-29,000 |
| Goal Type | BEG | BEG | SEG | BEG | BEG |
| 2001 | 19,290 | 107,697 | 3,190 | 5,030 | 17,000 |
| 2002 | 27,700 | 204,787 | 8,093 | 40,000 | 31,000 |
| 2003 | 10,110 | 133,109 | 5,907 | 6,009 | 35,850 |
| 2004 | 14,450 | 67,053 | 2,214 | 10,284 | N/A |
| 2005 | 5,220 | 34,575 | 1,241 | 2,514 | 16,600 |
| 2006 | 5,470 | 79,050 | 1,156 | 8,533 | 14,500 |
| 2007 | 3,915 | 24,770 | 1,751 | 5,763 | 14,000 |
| 2008 | 6,870 | 56,369 | N/A | N/A | 25,200 |
| 2009 | 4,230 | 47,911 | 3,581 | 5,814 | 28,000 |
| 2010 | 7,520 | 85,066 | 2,393 | 11,195 | 11,000 |
| 2011 | 6,050 | 61,099 | 1,221 | 3,652 | 21,000 |
| 2012 | 5,480 | 36,961 | N/A | 3,007 | 11,000 |
| 2013 | 6,280 | 51,319 | 2,593 | 14,853 | 47,000 |
| 2014 | 15,480 | 130,200 | 3,555 | 8,226 | 27,000 |
| 2015 | 9,940 | 47,342 | 9,092 | 7,062 | 19,500 |
| 2016 | 6,733 | 26,280 | 746 | 6,177 | 31,000 |
| 2017 | 7,040 | 34,742 | 1,455 | 4,122 | 38,000 |
| 2018 | 3,550 | 66,085 | 2,211 | 6,198 | 48,600 |
| 2019 | 9,405 | 34,779 | 1,866 | 10,381 | No Data |
| 2020 | 3,296 | 29,349 | No Data | No Data | 56,000 |
| 2021 | 5,933 | 55,220 | No Data | No Data | No Data |
| 2022 | 4,472 | 43,519 | No Data | No Data | No Data |
| 2023 | 8,039 | 70,881 | No Data | 9,841 | No Data |
| 2024 | 10,159 | 58,889 | 3,985 | 6,783 | No Data |

^{1.} Goal types include sustainable (SEG) and biological (BEG) escapement goals.

CHINOOK SALMON:

In 2024, Chinook salmon escapements were within escapement goal ranges for 8 of 11 monitored systems in the region with formal escapement goals (Table 7). The Chickamin, Unuk, and Chilkat River stocks were all delisted as management stocks of concern at the October Alaska Board of Fisheries work session.

Table 7.-Southeast Alaska Chinook salmon escapement goals, 2019–2023, and preliminary 2024 escapements.

| | Escapement | | Escapement b | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------|---------------|--------|---------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------------------|--|--|--|--|
| System | Goala | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | 2024 ^b | | | | |
| Keta River | 550-1,300 | 1,041 | 668 | 707 | 689 | 759 | 948^{b} | | | | |
| Blossom River | 500-1,400 | 557 | 515 | 170 | 395 | 670 | 654 ^b | | | | |
| Chickamin River | 2,150-4,300 | 1,610 | 2,280 | 2,404 | 2,522 | 3,719 | $2,176^{b}$ | | | | |
| Unuk River | 1,800-3,800 | 3,115 | 1,135 | 2,666 | 1,304 | 2,072 | $1,980^{b}$ | | | | |
| Stikine River | 14,000–28,000 | 13,817 | 9,753 | 8,376 | 9,090 | 5,135 | TBD | | | | |
| Andrew Creek | 650–1,500 | 698 | 470 | 530 | 821 | 386 | 404 ^b | | | | |
| King Salmon River | 120-240 | 27 | 100 | 134 | 123 | 68 | 85 ^b | | | | |
| Taku River | 19,000–36,000 | 11,558 | 15,593 | 11,344 | 12,722 | 14,755 | 24,518 | | | | |
| Chilkat River | 1,750-3,500 | 2,028 | 3,180 | 2,038 | 1,582 | 2,234 | $2,070^{b}$ | | | | |
| Alsek River | 3,500-5,300 | 6,319 | 5,330 | 5,562 | 3,351 | 4,329 | 5,956 ^b | | | | |
| Situk River | 450–1,050 | 623 | 1,197 | 1,064 | 890 | 144 | 517 ^b | | | | |

Note: Gray cells indicate lower bound of the escapement goal not met.

^a Goals and escapement numbers for Chinook salmon are for large fish (≥660 mm mid-eye to tail fork length, or fish age-1.3 and older), except Alsek and Klukshu goals which are germane to fish age-1.2 and older and can include fish <660 mm mid-eye to tail fork length.

^b Preliminary estimates pending publication of final report.