

KODIAK SPORT FISH MANAGEMENT AREA



Ayakulik River

The king salmon run fell below the Biological Escapement Goal (BEG) of 4,800-8,400 fish with a weir count of 3,712 salmon. The weir count should be considered a minimum number as high water prompted weir panels to be pulled for a total of 23 days. A DIDSON sonar was installed but was only occasionally able to differentiate king salmon from sockeye salmon; therefore, estimates were made using 10-year average counts for the days the weir was out. The mid-point of the run occurred on June 19, 2017, which is similar to historical run-timing.

Management Actions

• A preseason emergency order effective June 1, 2017, prohibited the retention of king salmon in the Ayakulik River drainage.

Table 1. Summary of preliminary catch, harvest and escapement, Avakulik River king salmon fishery, 2017.

Escapement Goal Range	BEG = 4,800-8,400
Total Catch	TBD
Total Harvest	0
Weir Count	3,712
Preliminary Escapement	3,712

Karluk River

The king salmon run fell below the BEG of 3,000-7,000 fish with a weir count of 2,597 salmon. The mid-point of the run occurred on June 23, 2017, which is similar to historical run-timing. The Karluk River has been not been open to the harvest of king salmon since 2007 and sport fishing for king salmon has been entirely closed since 2008.

Management Actions

• A preseason emergency order effective June 1, 2017, closed the Karluk River drainage to sport fishing for king salmon.



Table 2. Summary of preliminary catch, harvest and escapement, Karluk River king salmon fishery, 2017.

Escapement Goal Range	BEG = 3,000-6,000
Total Catch	TBD
Total Harvest	0
Weir Count	2,597
Preliminary Escapement	2,597

Chignik River

The king salmon run fell below the BEG of 1,300-2,700 fish with a weir count of 1,137 salmon. The mid-point of the run occurred on July 15, 2017, which is similar to historical run-timing.

Management Actions

• On July 14, 2017, the retention of king salmon in the Chignik River drainage was prohibited effective July 14-August 9.

Table 3. Summary of preliminary catch, harvest and escapement, Chignik River king salmon fishery, 2017.

Escapement Goal Range	BEG = 1,300-2,700
Total Catch	TBD
Total Harvest	TBD
Weir Count	1,137
Preliminary Escapement	1,137

Nelson River

The 2017 weir count for king salmon was 1,502 fish. However, this represents a partial estimate as some king salmon spawn below the weir and a post season estimate is added annually based on aerial surveys. The BEG is 2,400-4,400 salmon. There is no retention in this fishery throughout the season based on regulations enacted in 2011. The weir count can be considered a minimal estimate of escapement for 2017. The mid-point of the run occurred on July 5, 2017, which is similar to historical run-timing.

Management Actions

• No management actions were implemented during the 2017 sport fishery.

Table 4. Summary of preliminary catch, harvest and escapement, Nelson River king salmon fishery, 2017.

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Escapement Goal Range	BEG = 2,400-4,400
Total Catch	0
Total Harvest	0
Weir Count	1,502
Preliminary Escapement	1,502



Kodiak Stocked Road System Streams

Each year the Olds River, American River, Salonie Creek, and Monashka Creek are stocked with up to 80,000 king salmon smolt. The Kodiak stocked road system streams produced a mixed fishery this year. Returns to the Olds River produced good fishing. However, returns to the American River and Salonie Creek did not meet expectations and received relatively little fishing pressure due to small returns. Very few fish returned to Monashka Bay and Monashka Creek. Egg take goals have not been met in the last four years. To compensate for this shortfall, extra coho salmon are stocked to supplement king salmon production. The 2017 king salmon egg take spawned 13 pairs which should produce at least 65,000 eggs, though this is well short of the goal to release 200,000 king salmon smolt. Coho salmon will be taken again in early November to supplement this shortfall.

Management Actions

• A preseason emergency order effective June 1, 2017, prohibited sport fishing for king salmon in the waters of Monashka Creek drainage and Monashka Bay in order to obtain enough king salmon broodstock to stock the Kodiak road system streams.



Karluk River

The early sockeye salmon run fell within the BEG of 150,000-250,000 fish with a weir count of 235,225 salmon. Little harvest occurs upstream of the weir and escapement is likely equal to the weir count. Harvest of sockeye salmon by anglers on the Karluk River is minimal compared to the size of the run but it remains one of the larger sockeye salmon sport fisheries on Kodiak.

Management Actions

• On June 7, 2017, the sockeye salmon bag limit was increased from five per day to ten per day.

Ayakulik River

The early sockeye salmon run fell within the BEG of 140,000-280,000 fish with a weir count of 204,497 salmon. Harvest of sockeye salmon by anglers on the Ayakulik River is minimal compared to the size of the run but it remains one of the larger sockeye salmon sport fisheries on Kodiak, and is similar to second in size to Karluk River.

Management Actions

• No management actions were implemented during the 2017 sport fishery.

Buskin River

The sockeye salmon run fell within the BEG of 5,000-8,000 fish with a weir count of 7,214 salmon. No harvest occurs upstream of the weir (located just downstream from Buskin Lake) and escapement is equal to the weir count. The mid-point of the run occurred on June 7, 2017, which is about one week earlier than historical run-timing.



Management Actions

• On June 7, 2017 the sockeye salmon bag limit was increased from two per day to five per day.

Saltery Cove

The sockeye salmon came in above the escapement goal of 15,000-35,000 fish with a weir count of 39,315 salmon. No harvest occurs upstream of the weir and escapement is equal to the weir count. The mid-point of the run occurred on July 20, 2017, which is similar to historical runtiming. This is the largest freshwater sport fishery on Kodiak by angler effort and harvest for a single stock. This fishery has been liberalized annually since 2015 and in most years since weir operation began in 2009.

Management Actions

• On July 19, 2017, the sockeye salmon bag limit was increased from five per day to ten per day.

Pasagshak River

The sockeye salmon run came in above the lower bound Sustainable Escapement Goal (SEG) of 3,000 fish with a weir count of 11,021 salmon. No harvest occurs upstream of the weir and escapement is equal to the weir count. Recent escapements at Pasagshak River have fallen below the goal; although, the 2016 escapement exceeded the goal. In 2017, the sockeye salmon run was very large but was also late compared to historical run-timing. The mid-point of the run occurred on July 28, 2017, which is about two weeks later than historical run-timing. The weir has only been in operation since 2011.

Management Actions

• No management actions were implemented during the 2017 sport fishery.

Afognak River

The sockeye salmon run came in within the BEG of 20,000-50,000 fish with a weir count of 22,151 salmon. This is one of the earliest sockeye salmon runs on the island. However, the weir was installed late on June 1, 2017. Angler reports indicated a large early run prior to weir installment. However, according to weir counts the mid-point of the run occurred on June 12, 2017, similar to historical run-timing, but later than the previous two years.

Management Actions

• No management actions were implemented during the 2017 sport fishery.

COHO SALMON

Buskin River – Preliminary Summary

The BEG for Buskin River coho salmon is 4,700-9,600 fish and the 2017 run is ongoing. Nonetheless, the run is expected to be within the range. To date, only 64 coho salmon have been



counted through the weir located at Buskin Lake. The weir located near saltwater has been flooded for more than half the time it has been installed. Currently there is an estimated 4,000-5,000 coho salmon in the Buskin River, between both weirs. A formal estimate will be made once the weir is operational.

Management Actions

• To date, no management actions were implemented during the 2017 sport fishery.

Olds River - Preliminary Summary

The lower bound SEG for Olds River coho salmon is 1,000 fish and the 2017 run is ongoing. The 2017 run is expected to be above the range and recent abundance has been high. The Olds River coho salmon run is assessed via post season foot surveys.

Management Actions

• To date, no management actions have been implemented during the 2017 sport fishery.

American River – Preliminary Summary

The lower bound SEG for American River coho salmon is 400 fish and the 2017 run is ongoing. The 2017 run is expected to be above the range and recent abundance has been high. The American River coho salmon run is assessed via post season foot surveys.

Management Actions

• To date, no management actions have been implemented during the 2017 sport fishery.

Pasagshak River – Preliminary Summary

The lower bound SEG for Pasagshak River coho salmon is 1,200 fish and the 2017 run is ongoing. The 2017 run is expected to be above the range and recent abundance has been high. The Pasagshak River coho salmon run is assessed via post season foot surveys.

Management Actions

• To date, no management actions have been implemented during the 2017 sport fishery.



Table 1 – Select Southcentral Region Salmon Escapement Goals and Escapements, 2008 to 2017 (preliminary).

System	Lower	l Range Unner	Type	Initial Year	2008	2009	2010	2011	Escapement 2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Preliminary 2017
System KING SALMON	rower	Upper	Туре	i ear	2008	2009	2010	∠011	2012	2013	∠014	2015	2016	2017
Bristol Bay														
Nushagak River	55,000	120,000	SEG	2013	91,364	74,781	56,088	102,258	167,618	107,602	70,482	98,019	125,368	56,961
Alagnak River	2,700	120,000	LB SEG	2007	1,825	1,957	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	917	1,283	429
Kodiak/Alaska Peninsula	2,700		EB SEG	2007	1,025	1,757	140	145	140	140	110	717	1,203	72,
Karluk River	3,000	6,000	BEG	2011	752	1,306	2,917	3,420	3,197	1,824	1,182	2,777	3,434	2,597
Ayakulik River	4,800	8,400	BEG	2017	3,071	2,615	5,197	4,251	4,556	2,304	789	2,392	4,594	3,712
Chignik River	1,300	2,700	BEG	2002	1,620	1,590	3,845	2,490	1,404	1,185	2,895	2,041	1,843	1,137
Nelson River	2,400	4,400	BEG	2004	5,012	2,048	2,767	1,704	1,192	1,421	3,801	2,440	4,618	1,502
Upper Cook Inlet	-,	.,				-,	-,,,,,	-,,,,,	-,	-,	.,	-,	,,,,,	-,
Alexander Creek	2,100	6,000	SEG	2002	150	275	177	343	181	588	911	1,117	754	170
Campbell Creek	380	0,000	LB SEG	2011	439	554	290	260	NS	NS	274	654	544	170
Chuitna River	1,200	2,900	SEG	2002	586	1,040	735	719	502	1,690	1,398	1,965	1,372	235
Chulitna River	1,800	5,100	SEG	2002	2,514	2,093	1,052	1,875	667	1,262	1,011	3,137	1,151	NS
Clear (Chunilna) Creek	950	3,400	SEG	2002	1,795	1,205	903	512	1,177	1,471	1,390	1,205	NS	780
Crooked Creek	650	1,700	SEG	2002	879	617	1,088	654	631	1,103	1,411	1,459	1,747	911
Deshka River	13,000	28,000	SEG	2011	7,533	11,967	18,594	19,026	14,010	18,531	16,335	24,316	22,874	11,353
Goose Creek	250	650	SEG	2002	117	65	76	80	57	62	232	NC	NC	148
Kenai R Early Run	3,900	6,600	OEG	2017	117	0.5	70	00	31	1,601	2,261	4,198	~6,300	6,550
Heimi II. Limiy Itmi	2,800	5,600	SEG	2017						1,001	2,201	1,170	0,500	O,DD C
Kenai R Late Run	13,000	27,000	SEG	2017						12,308	11,972	16,830	~15,500	21,700
Lewis River	250	800	SEG	2002	120	111	56	92	107	61	61	5ª	0	21,700
Little Susitna River	900	1,800	SEG	2002	1,297	1,028	589	887	1,154	1,651	1,759	1,507	1,622	1,192
Little Willow Creek	450	1,800	SEG	2002	1,297 NC	776	468	713	1,134	858	684	788	675	1,192
Montana Creek	1,100	3,100	SEG	2002	1,357	1,460	755	494	494	1,304	953	1,416	692	603
	1,000	2,600		2002	1,557 NC	1,283	NC	1,103	416	1,643	1,443	1,514	1,122	307
Peters Creek		9,200	SEG	2002	3,039	3,500	3,022	2,038	1,185	3,304	2,812	3,290	1,122	1,930
Prairie Creek	3,100		SEG											
Sheep Creek Toloobulitae Pivor	2 200	1,200	SEG	2002	NC 2064	500	NC 1.400	350	363	NC 2 295	262	NC 2.592	NC 4 205	NC
Talachulitna River	2,200	5,000	SEG	2002	2,964	2,608	1,499	1,368	847	2,285	2,256	2,582	4,295	1,087
Theodore River	500	1,700	SEG	2002	345	352	202	327	179	476	312	426	68	21
Willow Creek	1,600	2,800	SEG	2002	1,255	1,133	1,173	1,061	756	1,752	1,335	2,046	1,814	1,329
Lower Cook Inlet			an-	20										
Anchor River	3,800	10,000	SEG	2011	5,806	3,455	4,449	3,545	4,509	4,388	2,497	10,049	7,146	5,796
Deep Creek	350	800	SEG	2002	205	483	387	696	447	475	601	535	NS	753
Ninikhik River	550	1,300	SEG	2008	586	528	605	668	555	571	891	874	572	855
COHO SALMON														
Kodiak/Alaska Peninsula														
Buskin	4,700	9,600	BEG	2014	8,176	9,583	6,239	5,298	4,906	4,401	7,345	3,363	2,513	
Olds	1,000		LB SEG	2011	656	697	NA	1,003	624	2,145	1,320	1,357	1,634	
American	400		LB SEG	2011	700	639	NA	1,061	427	841	1,595	530	500	NS
Pasagshak	1,200		LB SEG	2011	3,875	2,385	1,971	1,083	3,132	1,648	4,934	1,790	667	
Upper Cook Inlet														
Fish Creek (Knik)	1,200	4,400	SEG	2011	4,868 ^b	8,214	6,977	1,428 ^b	1,237	7,593 ^b	10,283	7,912	2,484	5,779
Jim Creek	450	1,400	SEG	2014	1,890	1,331	242	229	213	663	122	571	106	3,603
Little Susitna River	10,100	17,700	SEG	2002	18,485	9,523	9,214	4,826	6,779	13,583	24,211 ¹	12,756	10,049	14,364
SOCKEYE SALMON														
Bristol Bay														
Kvichak River	2,000,000	10,000,000	SEG	2010	2,757,912	2,266,140	4,207,410	2,264,352	4,164,444	2,088,576	4,458,540	7,341,612	4,462,728	3,163,404
Alagnak River (Tower) ^c	320,000		LB SEG	2007	2,180,502	970,818	1,187,730	883,794	861,747	1,095,950	200,524	5,770,650	NS	2,041,824
Alagnak River (Aerial Survey)d	125,000		LB SEG	2016									696,400	
Naknek River	800,000	2,000,000	SEG	2015	2,472,690	1,169,466	1,463,928	1,177,074	900,312	938,160	1,474,428	1,920,954	1,691,910	1,899,972
Egegik River	800,000	2,000,000	SEG	2015	1,259,568	1,146,276	927,054	961,200	1,233,900	1,113,630	1,382,466	2,160,792	1,837,260	2,595,042
Ugashik River	500,000	1,400,000	SEG	2015	596,332	1,364,338	830,886	1,029,853	670,578	898,110	640,158	1,564,638	1,635,270	1,186,446
Wood River	700,000	1,800,000	SEG	2015	1,724,676	1,319,232	1,804,344	1,098,006	764,202	1,183,348	2,764,614	1,941,474	1,309,707	4,274,224
Igushik River	150,000	400,000	SEG	2015	1,054,704	514,188	518,040	421,380	193,770	387,036	340,590	651,172	469,230	579,120
Nushagak River	260,000	760,000	OEG	2012	492,546	484,149	468,696	428,191	432,438	894,172	618,477	796,684	680,513	2,852,306
Kodiak/Alaska Peninsula	200,000	700,000	OLO	2012	472,540	404,147	400,070	420,171	432,430	074,172	010,477	770,004	000,515	2,002,000
Buskin River	5,000	8,000	BEG	2011	5,900	7,757	9,800	11,982	8,565	16,189	13,976	8,719	11,584	7,214
Afognak	20,000	50,000	BEG	2005	26,874	31,358	52,255	49,193	41,553	42,153	36,345	38,151	33,167	22,151
Saltery	15,000	35,000	BEG	2003	47,467	43,468	24,102	27,803	25,155	35,939	29,047	42,468	57,867	39,315
Pasagshak River	3,000		lower-bound SEG	2011	14,900	1,400	4,800	8,100	25,155	9,750	1,582	2,077	7,053	11,021
Karluk River	150,000	250,000	BEG	2011	82,191	52,798	71,453	87,049	188,085	234,880	252,097	233,036	164,760	235,225
Ayakulik River	150,000	280,000	SEG	2014	96,912	200,648	201,933	177,480	213,501	214,969	252,097	218,178	182,589	204,497
Frazer Lake	75,000	170,000	BEG	2008	105,363	101,845	94,680	134,642	148,884	136,059	200,296	219,093	122,585	128,844
Upper Cook Inlet Fish Creek (Knik)	20,000	70,000	CEC	2002	10.220	92.400	126.026	66.670	10.012	10.012	42.015	102 200	46 202	61.336
	20,000	70,000	SEG	2002	19,339	83,480	126,836	66,678	18,813	18,912	43,915	102,309	46,202	61,235
Kasilof River	160,000	390,000	OEG	2011	324,880	324,783	293,765	243,767	372,523	487,700	438,238	470,677	239,981	358,699
Kenai River ^e	160,000	340,000	BEG	2011	700.005	040 117	1.020.202	1 200 722	1.212.027	000 200	1 210 242	1 400 047	1 110 155	1.050.000
	700,000	1,400,000	OEG	2011	708,805	848,117	1,038,302	1,280,733	1,212,921	980,208	1,218,342	1,400,047	1,118,155	1,058,000
D . D. E . D	700,000	1,200,000	SEG	2011	20.000	FO 170	05.054	20.125	24.115	25.55	44.000	F0 22 -	20.52	
Russian River - Early Run	22,000	42,000	BEG	2011	30,989	52,178	27,074	29,129	24,115	35,776	44,920	50,226	38,739	37,123
Russian River - Late Run	30,000	110,000	SEG	2005	46,638	80,088	38,848	41,529	54,911	31,364	52,277	46,223	37,837	44,000
Chelatna Lake	20,000	65,000	SEG	2009	73,469	17,721	37,784	70,353	36,577	70,555	26,212	69,750	60,792	26,952
Judd Lake	25,000	55,000	SEG	2009	54,304	44,616	18,361	39,997	18,303	14,088	22,416	47,684	NA	35,729
Larson Lake	15,000	50,000	SEG	2009	35,040	40,933	20,324	12,413	16,708	21,821	12,040	23,214	14,333	31,687
Lower Cook Inlet	15,000	20,000		/	55,010	.0,,,,,,	_0,021	-2,	20,700	_1,021	-2,0.0	20,017	2 19000	51,007
	- 00-	10.500	GE C	2002	11.000	10.100	10.055	0.020	2.44	10.001	7 00c	c 200	7.77	7.00
English Bay	6,000	13,500	SEG	2002	11,993	18,183	12,253	9,920	3,444	10,891	7,832	6,290	7,673	7,673
Delight Lake	7,550	17,650	SEG	2011	23,933	12,700	23,775	20,190	10,887	5,961	22,289	3,220	5,110	5,110
Desire Lake	8,800	15,200	SEG	2002	10,700	16,000	6,320	9,630	8,840	8,400	11,480	2,830	6,740	6,740
Bear Lake	700	8,300	SEG	2002	9,264	10,364	8,880	9,608	8,031	8,999	9,090	9,560	9,011	9,011
- 344 2440	700	0,500	SLO	2002	>,404	10,304	0,000	2,000	0,001	0,222	2,020	7,000	>,011	7,011
Note: NA = data not available; NC = noted		survey; LB S	EG = lower-bound S	SEG.										
a Lewis River mouth naturally obstructed	L.													
b Incomplete counts for Fish Creek (Kni		n 2008. 2011 a	and 2013 because w	eir was pulled h	efore end of ru	ın.								
c 2009 to 2015 Alagnak River sockeye sa														
·		1	will be used in year	e that the Alam	al Divor towar	ic not operate	d							
Alagnek River sockeye salmon aerial s	urvey-based esc	apement goar	will be used in year	s that the Anagi	IAK KIVEI TOWEI	is not operate	u.							

